

Exercises to the lecture
Semantics
Sheet 6

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Delivery until — at —

Exercise 6.1 (Hindley-Milner Type Order)

We defined types by

$$\begin{aligned}\tau_{mono} &::= \alpha \mid C\tau_{mono} \dots \tau_{mono} \\ \tau &::= \forall\alpha.\tau\end{aligned}$$

where α is from a set of variables and C is from a set of type constructors including \rightarrow . We define an equivalence to sort out unnecessary types: Let \equiv be the least equivalence containing for any type τ and variable $\alpha, \gamma \notin \text{free}(\tau), \beta \in \text{free}(\tau)$,

$$\forall\beta_1 \dots \beta_n \alpha.\tau \equiv \forall\beta_1 \dots \beta_n.\tau \quad \text{and} \quad \forall\beta_1 \dots \beta_n \beta.\tau \equiv \forall\beta_1 \dots \beta_n \gamma.\{\beta \mapsto \gamma\}\tau$$

Further, types will only be looked at up to the above equivalence. When a type is not allowed to have quantors and it has an equivalent quantor-free type, the latter is considered. We defined a partial specialization order on types:

$$\frac{\tau' = \{\alpha_1 \mapsto \tau_1, \dots, \alpha_n \mapsto \tau_n\}\tau \quad \beta_i \notin \text{free}(\forall\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n.\tau)}{\forall\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n.\tau \sqsubseteq \forall\beta_1 \dots \beta_m.\tau'}$$

Show the Lemma from the lecture:

Lemma. \sqsubseteq is a partial order on the set of types (up to equivalence) with a least element. Downward directed sets also contain a unique minimal element.

Bonus: Show that it is actually a meet-semilattice (I.e. each finite subset has a meet).