

Exercises to the lecture  
Complexity Theory  
Sheet 3

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Delivery until 15.11.2016 at 10h

**Exercise 3.1** (Time and space constructible functions)

Let  $\log_2(n)$  denote the logarithm to the base 2. Show the following:

- a)  $\log_2(n)$  is space constructible.
- b)  $\log_2(n)$  is not time constructible.

*Note that the definition of time/space constructible functions requires a Turing Machine that starts with the unary encoding of  $n$  and displays the result on a designated output tape when it enters the accept state.*

**Exercise 3.2** (A universal Turing Machine)

Construct a deterministic Turing Machine  $U$  with one input tape (read only) and one work tape so that on input  $e\#x$ ,  $U$  computes  $M(x)$ , where  $M$  is the deterministic 1-tape Turing Machine encoded in  $e$ . Show that  $U$  uses  $\mathcal{O}(|e| \cdot s(n))$  space if  $M$  uses  $s(n)$  space.

**Exercise 3.3** (A non-deterministic Turing Machine)

Consider the 3-tape Turing Machine:

$$M = (Q, \{a, b\}, \{a, b, \$, \_ \}, \$, \_, \delta, q_{init}, q_{accept}, q_{reject}),$$

where  $Q = \{q_{init}, q_{run}, q_{accept}, q_{reject}\}$  and  $\delta$  is given below.

- a) Determine the language of  $M$ .
- b) Show that  $M$  is not a decider.
- c) What is needed to turn  $M$  into a decider ?

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( q_{init}, \begin{pmatrix} \$ \\ \_ \\ \_ \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{init}, \begin{pmatrix} \$ \\ a \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} S \\ R \\ R \end{pmatrix} \right) \text{ or } \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} \$ \\ \_ \\ \_ \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} R \\ L \\ L \end{pmatrix} \right) \\
& \left( q_{init}, \begin{pmatrix} \$ \\ \$ \\ \$ \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{init}, \begin{pmatrix} \$ \\ \$ \\ \$ \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} S \\ R \\ R \end{pmatrix} \right) \\
& \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} a \\ a \\ \star \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} a \\ a \\ \star \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} R \\ L \\ S \end{pmatrix} \right) \\
& \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} b \\ \star \\ b \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} b \\ \star \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} R \\ S \\ L \end{pmatrix} \right) \\
& \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} \_ \\ \$ \\ \$ \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{accept}, \begin{pmatrix} \_ \\ \$ \\ \$ \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} S \\ S \\ S \end{pmatrix} \right) \\
& \left( q_{run}, \begin{pmatrix} \_ \\ \circ \\ \star \end{pmatrix} \right) \xrightarrow{\delta} \left( q_{reject}, \begin{pmatrix} \_ \\ \circ \\ \star \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} S \\ S \\ S \end{pmatrix} \right),
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\star$  and  $\circ$  denote an arbitrary symbol but not both are allowed to display  $\$$  at the same time.

**Exercise 3.4** (Savitch's Theorem)

Get familiar with the details of the proof of Savitch's Theorem. You can find it in the updated handwritten notes on the website.

**Delivery until 15.11.2016 at 10h into the box next to room 343 in the Institute for Theoretical Computer Science, Muehlenpfordstrasse 22-23**