



Algebraic Automata Theory

Sheet 1, 2017-10-27

Exercise 1 [10 POINTS]

The concept of a monad can be formulated in any 2-category \mathcal{C} , where the hom-functor lands in \mathbf{cat} thather than \mathbf{set} , i.e., $\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \times \mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\text{hom}} \mathbf{cat}$: one considers a 1-cell $C \xrightarrow{t} C$ together with 2-cells

$$id_C \left(\begin{array}{c} C \\ \eta \downarrow \\ t \\ \mu \downarrow \\ C \end{array} \right) t; t$$

subject to the usual associativity and unit conditions.

Identify the monads in the 2-category \mathbf{spn} of spans:

- objects are sets;
- 1-cells $A \xrightarrow{s} B$ are spans of functions $A \xleftarrow{s_0} S \xrightarrow{s_1} B$, generalizing directed graphs, which satisfy $A = B$ (alternatively, spans from A to B may be thought of as \mathbf{set} valued $A \times B$ matrices);
- 2-cells from $A \xrightarrow{s} B$ to $A \xrightarrow{\mathcal{T}} B$ are functions $S \xrightarrow{f} T$ making the two obvious triangles commute.

Exercise 2 [10 POINTS]

Identify the left adjoint 1-cells in the category \mathbf{spn} (see above).

Exercise 3 [15 POINTS]

Describe a monad on the category \mathbf{set} such that the EM-algebras are (abelian) groups.